

GREAT COURAGE AND DASH SHOWN BY AUSTRALIANS ON WEST FRONT

Most Important German Positions Taken by Irresistible Rush of British Colonial Infantry.

INTOLERABLE FIRE IS GOING ON CONTINUALLY

Tendon Soldiers Come Forward With Hands Up, as Retreat Is Death From Curbing of Shells.

With the British Armies in France, Aug. 5 (Via London, Aug. 6).—Under a merciless concentration of shell fire the Australians are holding out their advance line today after their advance had been on a front of two miles. The Germans already have delivered three powerful counterattacks to retake the lost ground, and all have failed. In one of the counterattacks the Germans came forward holding up their hands. Behind them the British troops had placed curtains of shell fire through which it was impossible for them to retreat, while the Australians, machine guns and rifles, mowed them down, made it impossible to continue the charge. It was death which ever way they moved—death if they stood still or lay down in the bullet-swept space, and they surrendered rather than continue their own efforts.

British Renew Offensive.

Their last previous attack having been the night flank the British renewed the offensive by the left flank after a week of bombing and sniping. Here the task fell to the Australians, who added another victory to their brilliant record in the taking of Pozieres. In this battle, under a blazing sun, they had been working in a continuous shell fire, digging their new trenches in the open beyond Pozieres, facing the German second line trenches on the left, or the break the British had already made in their previous attacks.

Defenses Are Smashed.

This was one of the remaining important positions on the high ground which has been so bitterly contested by all the gunpower commands and shellfire both sides could bring to bear. In this sector the British had fortified the defenses with deep dugouts, the British kept up a tornado of shell fire of all calibers. They smashed the defenses into powder clouds of earth which had no semblance to trenches.

Germans Determined.

The Germans managed to stick to the ruins of their fortifications, digging new cover as fast as they could. The British were determined to smash the German defenses and to take every rod of the front which they had secured with their men and shells. The British were determined to take every rod of the front which they had secured with their men and shells. The British were determined to take every rod of the front which they had secured with their men and shells.

Five Miles of Second Line.

With the additional front the British now hold five miles of the former German second line. The Australians are today in sight of Martin, Puch and Corbelle. This new advance, which was at right angles to the German line, literally was a part of a flank attack. The British staff was somewhat surprised when it was found first trenches were correct and they had taken every rod of the front which they had secured with their men and shells. The British were determined to take every rod of the front which they had secured with their men and shells.

Position Most Valuable.

In the war for position the general opinion is that the value of this latest gain cannot be overestimated, and the heavy bombardment which is proceeding in that neighborhood indicates that the Australians will have a stiff hold on this new position. Universal satisfaction is expressed by the British staff of their success thus far in maintaining their gains, although German artillery concentrates in increasing force, and arrivals of reinforcements of German infantry continue to be reported.

Never Have Operations Been More a Battle of Guns than This Week.

Through the days of the recent period when the British were not attacking with infantry, the shell fire has been increasing. German prisoners report heavy casualties from the prodigious fire of British long range guns in villages and camps anywhere from the front line to five miles in the rear.

French Praise Dash of British Troops

Paris, Aug. 6 (16:55 p. m.).—A dispatch to La Liberte, dated North of France, says: "The latest British advance north of Pozieres was the result of a brilliant offensive on the night of August 4-5, when an artillery preparation of great effect was followed by the Australian captured Pozieres, the enemy has

THE WEATHER

THE WEATHER FORECAST.
Denver, Aug. 6.—New Mexico: Monday fair in south, local thunder showers north portion; Tuesday partly cloudy.

not ceased his furious attacks against the village, in the outskirts of which he had succeeded in keeping some ground. The British commander reported on Friday to clear the village by taking the principal support of the second line of the German defense, made up of a series of small works extending from Hapnau road to that of Thiepval, on a front of about three kilometers.

The bombardment began about midnight and continued unceasing until dawn. It destroyed the defenses, leveled entrenchments and rendered showers unsheltered. At 11 o'clock it was the work of the artillery to attack, which was deemed sufficient, the order to attack was passed along to the units grouped in the village of Pozieres. While the Saxons and Kent troops pushed on in an assault against the positions on the Hapnau road, which were taken in less than half an hour, the Australians, with Sussex regiments at their left, captured, without striking a blow, six lines of trenches northwest of Pozieres. They carried along a local advance, and the capture of the Thiepval and Hapnau roads and continued their victorious progress east of the Loipre road in the direction of Thiepval.

The operation, in the opinion of observers, was one of the most brilliant since the beginning of the offensive in the Somme, and was carried out with the rapidity and certainty, which was aided by the precision of the fire of the British batteries.

The British troops advanced through the trenches, which had been completely destroyed, and machine guns and defenders buried, and at certain points on the slightest resistance was encountered. The Germans, moreover, seemed to have been taken by surprise in the attack on which they had evidently not counted at so early a date. Decided hesitation was observed in the decision of the German commander which resulted in delaying the bringing up of reinforcements. It was more than four hours after the British had attained their objective that counterattacks occurred and these were easily repulsed.

French Take 2,500 Prisoners.

Paris, Aug. 6.—According to an official announcement, the number of prisoners taken by the French in the week of July 26-Aug. 5, for the most part in the Meuse region, exceeded 2,500.

SETTLEMENT OF STRIKE BELIEVED ALMOST CERTAIN

Mayor Mitchell Announces Agreement Which Should Restore Street Car Service in New York City.

New York, Aug. 6.—Settlement of the strike of the street car men, which seemed to be imminent, is believed to be almost certain. Mayor Mitchell announced today that he had reached an agreement with the New York City Transit Authority, which should restore street car service in New York City. The agreement, which was reached after several days of negotiations, provides for the restoration of street car service to the city of New York. The Mayor announced that the agreement was reached after several days of negotiations, and that it should restore street car service to the city of New York.

Conference Successful.

The mayor and Chairman Strauss conferred this morning with William D. Mann, president of the United Brotherhood of Carriers, and other representatives of the striking employees. At these meetings, it was said, a basis of settlement had been reached, which would be submitted tomorrow to the board of directors of the New York City Transit Authority.

Will Return to Work.

"The meeting of the board of directors and the meeting of the employees will be held tomorrow, and upon ratification of the proposed settlement by both sides, the men will immediately return to work and service will be resumed on the entire transit system. In the meantime, and pending the submission of the terms of settlement on both sides, it is deemed inadvisable to make them public."

15 Per Cent. Service.

Announcement that a settlement was in prospect came soon after all the companies operating service over the Manhattan, the Bronx and Queens, and ordered to the limits the 15 per cent. increase in fares, which had been ordered during the strike. No attempt was made to suspend Sunday service on Staten Island City.

Police Reports Indicated that about 45 per cent of the normal Sunday car service was maintained during the day.

The latest British advance north of Pozieres was the result of a brilliant offensive on the night of August 4-5, when an artillery preparation of great effect was followed by the Australian captured Pozieres, the enemy has

CONFUSION NOW PREVALENT NOTE IN POLITICAL PARTY COUNCILS

Bursum's Chances for Gubernatorial Nomination Are Growing Brighter; Sargent Double Handicap.

RACE SENTIMENT ONLY HOPE OF SECUNDINO

Democrats Have No Idea Who Will Be Named for Governor; Felix Garcia to Run Against B. C. Hernandez.

Special Correspondence to Morning Journal.
Santa Fe, Aug. 6.—With both of the nominating conventions scheduled for this month, there is the greatest confusion in all politics as in which the nominees for the principal offices.

There is a real battle on between the forces supporting Secundino Romero and those of Felix Garcia. Bursum for the republican nomination—Romero with the chance to win it—has been the nominee for the principal office. There is a real battle on between the forces supporting Secundino Romero and those of Felix Garcia. Bursum for the republican nomination—Romero with the chance to win it—has been the nominee for the principal office.

Romero's sole strength lies in the race feeling. The Spanish-Americans have a very big majority in the republican party, and heretofore fully three-fourths of the delegates to the nominating convention have been natives. It is probable that the same preponderance will show up at Santa Fe this year. The danger to Bursum lies in a stampede to Romero. If Bursum should not be nominated on the first ballot, there is a chance that he will be nominated on the second ballot, and that no maneuvering by those who pretend to back him, but who really want to see a "dark horse" win the honor, will be necessary.

Advantage With Hubbard.

In the fight for senatorial nomination the advantage is all with Hubbard. But the fact is that Hubbard has no chance for the senatorial nomination unless Bursum is eliminated. Therefore Bursum and his friends are doing all they can to get delegates for Bursum at the convention. The power is in Bursum's hands, and it is a safe guess that if Bursum is nominated it will be because of a deal between his friends and the friends of Romero. Romero can control his friends, but Bursum cannot control his. Bursum can deliver one of his delegates. Romero can deliver one of his delegates. Bursum can deliver one of his delegates. Romero can deliver one of his delegates.

One Democratic Certainty.

On the democratic side, there is but one certainty, the nomination of Felix Garcia. Jones for the nomination. He has no chance for the nomination unless Bursum is eliminated. Therefore Bursum and his friends are doing all they can to get delegates for Bursum at the convention. The power is in Bursum's hands, and it is a safe guess that if Bursum is nominated it will be because of a deal between his friends and the friends of Romero. Romero can control his friends, but Bursum cannot control his. Bursum can deliver one of his delegates. Romero can deliver one of his delegates.

Who the Nominee of the Democrats.

For governor will be no one seems to have the faintest idea, and it is probable that the candidate will be named for the first time from the floor of the convention. It is now believed that Felix Garcia will be named as the candidate against B. C. Hernandez for governor. Garcia is a wealthy resident of Rio Arriba county, and is said to be most popular there. The democrats claim that he would carry that county, which would be a long start toward success. Also he has the confidence of the democratic leaders in all parts of the state.

He Will Accept B. Hernandez.

If he will accept B. Hernandez will be a candidate for almost anything he might prefer. He will accept the nomination of the gubernatorial ticket, though his name has been more often mentioned in connection with the position of state treasurer. His friends point out that Mr. de Baca is entitled to more than that, and the more easily named, which goes with the position of lieutenant governor.

JERSEY CITY HAS A SPECTACULAR FIRE

Jersey City, N. J., Aug. 6.—A spectacular fire, which the police department was unable to control, broke out tonight in the railroad yards in the Clarendon section of the city, a quarter of a mile from the scene of the Black Tom explosion last Sunday. About fifteen freight cars loaded with inflammables were destroyed.

The blaze could be seen for miles around, spreading rapidly in Jersey City. The report was that more explosive material was in the vicinity, and persons living in the vicinity became greatly alarmed.

SUFFRAGISTS TO MAKE FIGHT ON CANDIDATES WHO ARE NOT RIGHT

List of Questions is Submitted to Each Aspirant for the Senate or House of Representatives.

STRONG OPPOSITION TO THOSE UNFRIENDLY

Women Propose to See to It That Enemies of Susan B. Anthony Amendment Are Beaten.

Washington, Aug. 6.—By showing plans for their campaign for passage of a federal woman suffrage amendment through the next congress, the National American Woman Suffrage association already has become a cynosure of the attitudes of the candidates for the senate and house of representatives. The association's headquarters here announced tonight that it had submitted to each nominee for congress the following questions:

"1. Are you in favor of woman suffrage?"
"2. If elected, will you vote in congress to admit to the states a federal amendment to enfranchise the women of this country?"

If appointed on a committee in whose jurisdiction such an amendment should fall, will you do all in your power to expedite the passage of such a measure?"
Information of the part the association will play in the coming political campaign will await the organization's national convention at Atlantic City next month. Mrs. Frank M. Roosevelt, chairman of the congressional committee, declared tonight, however, that the list of questions was a vigorous fight on those representatives and senators who have opposed the amendment.

Surely there is no reason why we should fight democratic or republican nominees who are seeking reelection, in cases where those nominees did all they could to help us in our fight this winter," said Mrs. Roosevelt. "Nor is there any reason why we should not oppose men, no matter what their party, who during the session have done everything they could to balk our plans."

CONFERENCE ON MEXICO AFFAIRS TO BEGIN SOON

President Likely to Insist That Discussion Be on Broader Lines Than Those Indicated by Carranza.

Washington, Aug. 6.—With the return of President Wilson tomorrow from his weekend cruise down the Potomac, preliminary arrangements for convening a joint commission for settlement of existing differences between the United States and Mexico are expected to be brought to a quick conclusion. Officials here believe the commissioners may begin conferences some time next week.

It is understood that during his trip to the Mayflower, the president has gone over carefully General Carranza's latest note embodying selection of the three Mexican commissioners and suggesting that the commission be "provisionally" the questions of withdrawal of the American troops, a preliminary investigation of what influence have been behind border raids.

Although the attitude of the American government will not be officially stated until after the president has conferred with his department officials, it is the general expectation that in his response to Carranza's offer, he will designate the time and place of meeting. Mr. Wilson will say that the United States agrees that General Carranza does not mean to limit the scope of the negotiations in the three subjects he has specified.

Secretary Lansing will return Wednesday from his vacation and will be in close touch with the situation again before the commission begins its sessions.

BRITISH WORKINGMEN WOULD HANG KAISER

London, Aug. 6 (10:45 p. m.).—One of the biggest demonstrations by workingmen that has occurred during the war took place in Trafalgar square today. The great gathering demanded redress for the execution of Charles Frelat of the British steamer Brussels by the Germans in Belgium, smokers during the impounding of all German property and the hanging of English soldiers and the hanging of English soldiers and the hanging of English soldiers.

Another British Steamer Sunk.

London, Aug. 7 (1:20 a. m.).—The British steamer General von Rintelen has been sunk, according to a Lloyd dispatch.

TEUTONIC LINES ARE SHATTERED BY RUSSIANS IN NORTH GALICIA

Six Villages and Entire Ridge on Which They Are Located Are Captured in Fierce Engagement.

OVER 5,500 PRISONERS ARE REPORTED TAKEN

Resistance of Kaiser's Forces on Sereth and Graberka Rivers Is Broken by Czar's Assaults.

London, Aug. 6 (10:45 p. m.).—In northern Galicia the Russians have struck another hard blow at the Teutonic allies and occupied along the Sereth and Graberka rivers, south of Brody, six villages and the entire ridge on which they are located.

Fierce fighting marked the engagement, the Russians being forced, in the villages, to drive their adversaries from houses to houses. The Austro-Germans at last reports were bombarding violently their lost positions.

Heavy Captures Made.

In the fighting the Russians captured a regimental commander and 110 officers and more than 5,500 men and also took numerous machine guns and trench mortars.

Berlin admits that the Russians have gained the left bank of the Sereth river, but asserts that the Germans have made progress against the French in the Choczyn wood, near Verdun, and in mining operations against them in the Argonne, that the Russians have been driven from positions along the Stokhol river south of Zarnetz, and that in the Carpathians the Germans are still operating successfully.

Violent Battles Raged.

Slight advances for the British at High wood and east of Pozieres, on the Somme front, and by the French southwest of Estrees, south of the Somme, and to the northwest of the Thiaumont work near Verdun, were recorded in the British and French communications. In the sector north of Verdun, the Germans are reported to have made a slight advance in an attack in which British troops were forced to retreat, but later the British regained the ground lost. The Germans are heavily bombarding the British and French positions of the front.

Russians Gain in Asia.

In Asiatic Turkey the Russians report the capture of various places of new Turkish positions. In the Kidik this river front positions are reported to have been taken by the Russians. The Turkish troops were reported to have been driven from positions along the Stokhol river south of Zarnetz, and that in the Carpathians the Germans are still operating successfully.

RUSSIANS CAPTURE STRONG POSITIONS

Petrograd, Aug. 6 (via London, 2:15 p. m.).—German attacks along the Sereth and Graberka rivers, south of Brody, in northern Galicia, broke the Teutonic resistance and resulted in the capture by the Russians of six villages and the entire ridge along which they were located, according to a year office announcement today. More than 5,500 prisoners were taken.

GERMANS SUBORNALLY RESIST RUSSIANS

Petrograd, Aug. 6 (via London, 2:15 p. m.).—Since the loss of Brody by the Russians, the German resistance in the north of the Sereth has been broken, and the Russian advance has been reported to have been successful. The Russian advance has been reported to have been successful. The Russian advance has been reported to have been successful.

TURKISH FORCES ARE DEFEATED AT SUEZ CANAL

London, Aug. 6 (1:45 p. m.).—The strong Turkish force which attacked the British at Romani, twenty miles east of the Suez canal on August 1, was defeated and put to flight by a counter-attack, says an official statement issued today.

HUGHES MAKES, UNINTENTIONALLY, PROHIBITION ONE OF THE ISSUES

Declaration for National Woman Suffrage Arouses Active Antagonism of "Anti-dry" Sentiment.

REPUBLICAN LEADERS CONFESS REAL ALARM

Pivotal States Are Opposed to Government Assuming Control of Legislation Regulating Votes and Drinks.

Special Correspondence to Morning Journal.
Washington, Aug. 6.—When Governor Hughes boldly challenged President Wilson's position on woman suffrage he made an issue on which the election may turn in the big states. This is not a question which is the question itself but on the liquor question, which cannot be divorced from suffrage.

FRENCH MAKE FURTHER GAINS, PARIS REPORTS

Paris, Aug. 6 (12:10 p. m.).—A further gain of ground by the French in local operations, northeast of the Tonnay la Marche, was announced by the war department this afternoon. A German counter-attack in this sector was repulsed.

Danish Steamer Is Sunk.

London, Aug. 6 (12:15 p. m.).—Lloyd's Shipping agent announced that the Danish steamer Jagersborg of 1,737 tons gross, has been sunk. There are twenty survivors.

VILLISTAS ARE BEATEN BARLYN MAPIMA HILLS

General Trevino Is Concentrating Drive Against Main Forces of Bandits for Extermination.

Culiacan, Sinaloa, Mexico, Aug. 6.—Government troops and Villistas both met heavily in a sharp struggle in the hills a few miles north of Mapima, Sinaloa, today, and it is reported in Gen. Jacinto Trevino, Lieutenant Colonel Campan and a dozen privates were killed, while the bandits' casualties were estimated at eighteen. The Villistas were driven far into the hills, where they scattered in the confusion.

General Trevino announced that he has completed the co-ordination of his troops for the drive upon the main band of Villistas under Villa and that they are advancing north from Culiacan City to co-operate with the troops under Gen. Matias Romero, going south from Rosario, Durango, Jimenez and Escobedo. He said also that his dispatches indicated that the country east of San Antonio has been cleared of outlaws who have been terrorizing the territory in the path of the advancing de facto troops.

REVOLTERS CAPTURED BY CARRANZA FORCE

El Paso, Tex., Aug. 6.—Carranzan soldiers today captured one of the party which under Mariano Tambo, former Villista, captured left General Carranza with the announced intention of joining Villa, near Zarengo, about fifty miles south. The Carranzan forces announced, while both sides had been taken into custody near San Antonio.

General Carranza asserted also that the primary said that a party of more than eight men, who had been expected to join them south of El Paso, had sent word to Tambo that they had dispersed. Seven hundred Carranzan cavalrymen are in close pursuit of Tambo and the remainder in his band, it is said, and their capture is expected shortly.

INDIANA A BATTLEGROUND

Indianapolis, Aug. 6.—Indiana is a battleground, but this year more than ever, because both vice presidential candidates are Hoosiers, and two seats in the senate are at stake. The prices are so great that the state will probably be converted as never before. Indiana has been a "doubtful state" so long that it is quite accustomed to being under the battleground of the parties. Hoosiers are used to political wars.

REPUBLICANS ALARMED

President Wilson never has catered to the desire of the republicans, and that is why, he believes, that prohibition is a matter for the state to decide. Hughes, on the other hand, is believed to be for national prohibition, and as strongly as he is for national prohibition, he is for national prohibition.

HUGHES MAKES, UNINTENTIONALLY, PROHIBITION ONE OF THE ISSUES

Declaration for National Woman Suffrage Arouses Active Antagonism of "Anti-dry" Sentiment.

REPUBLICAN LEADERS CONFESS REAL ALARM

Pivotal States Are Opposed to Government Assuming Control of Legislation Regulating Votes and Drinks.

Special Correspondence to Morning Journal.
Washington, Aug. 6.—When Governor Hughes boldly challenged President Wilson's position on woman suffrage he made an issue on which the election may turn in the big states. This is not a question which is the question itself but on the liquor question, which cannot be divorced from suffrage.

FRENCH MAKE FURTHER GAINS, PARIS REPORTS

Paris, Aug. 6 (12:10 p. m.).—A further gain of ground by the French in local operations, northeast of the Tonnay la Marche, was announced by the war department this afternoon. A German counter-attack in this sector was repulsed.

Danish Steamer Is Sunk.

London, Aug. 6 (12:15 p. m.).—Lloyd's Shipping agent announced that the Danish steamer Jagersborg of 1,737 tons gross, has been sunk. There are twenty survivors.

VILLISTAS ARE BEATEN BARLYN MAPIMA HILLS

General Trevino Is Concentrating Drive Against Main Forces of Bandits for Extermination.

Culiacan, Sinaloa, Mexico, Aug. 6.—Government troops and Villistas both met heavily in a sharp struggle in the hills a few miles north of Mapima, Sinaloa, today, and it is reported in Gen. Jacinto Trevino, Lieutenant Colonel Campan and a dozen privates were killed, while the bandits' casualties were estimated at eighteen. The Villistas were driven far into the hills, where they scattered in the confusion.

General Trevino announced that he has completed the co-ordination of his troops for the drive upon the main band of Villistas under Villa and that they are advancing north from Culiacan City to co-operate with the troops under Gen. Matias Romero, going south from Rosario, Durango, Jimenez and Escobedo. He said also that his dispatches indicated that the country east of San Antonio has been cleared of outlaws who have been terrorizing the territory in the path of the advancing de facto troops.

REVOLTERS CAPTURED BY CARRANZA FORCE

El Paso, Tex., Aug. 6.—Carranzan soldiers today captured one of the party which under Mariano Tambo, former Villista, captured left General Carranza with the announced intention of joining Villa, near Zarengo, about fifty miles south. The Carranzan forces announced, while both sides had been taken into custody near San Antonio.

General Carranza asserted also that the primary said that a party of more than eight men, who had been expected to join them south of El Paso, had sent word to Tambo that they had dispersed. Seven hundred Carranzan cavalrymen are in close pursuit of Tambo and the remainder in his band, it is said, and their capture is expected shortly.

INDIANA A BATTLEGROUND

Indianapolis, Aug. 6.—Indiana is a battleground, but this year more than ever, because both vice presidential candidates are Hoosiers, and two seats in the senate are at stake. The prices are so great that the state will probably be converted as never before. Indiana has been a "doubtful state" so long that it is quite accustomed to being under the battleground of the parties. Hoosiers are used to political wars.

REPUBLICANS ALARMED

President Wilson never has catered to the desire of the republicans, and that is why, he believes, that prohibition is a matter for the state to decide. Hughes, on the other hand, is believed to be for national prohibition, and as strongly as he is for national prohibition, he is for national prohibition.